

Solve a discrete difference equation with complex roots

DDE: $y(k) - 2y(k-1) + 4y(k-2) = 4r(k) - 3r(k-1) + 2r(k-2)$

Determine $y(k)$ closed form equation with $r(k) = \mu(k)$ a unit step

① Z-transform of DDE:

$$(1 - 2z^{-1} + 4z^{-2})Y(z) = (4 - 3z^{-1} + 2z^{-2})R(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(z) = \frac{4z^2 - 3z + 2}{z^2 - 2z + 4} R(z) = \frac{z}{z-1} \cdot \frac{4z^2 - 3z + 2}{z^2 - 2z + 4} \rightarrow \text{Complex roots}$$

② Do partial fraction expansion of $\frac{Y(z)}{z}$:

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Y(z)}{z} = \frac{\Gamma_1}{z-1} + \frac{\Gamma_2 z + \Gamma_3}{z^2 - 2z + 4} = \frac{4z^2 - 3z + 2}{(z-1)(z^2 - 2z + 4)} \quad \text{--- (A)}$$

$$\Gamma_1 = (z-1) \frac{Y(z)}{z} \Big|_{z=1} = \frac{4 - 3 + 2}{1 - 2 + 4} = \frac{3}{3} = 1 \rightarrow$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y(z)}{z} = \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4 + (\Gamma_2 z + \Gamma_3)(z-1)}{(z-1)(z^2 - 2z + 4)} = \frac{(1 + \Gamma_2)z^2 + (2 - \Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)z + (4 - \Gamma_3)}{(z-1)(z^2 - 2z + 4)} \quad \text{--- (B)}$$

③ Compare coefficients (A) and (B): $z^2: 1 + \Gamma_2 = 4 \Rightarrow \Gamma_2 = 3 \rightarrow$

$$z^0: 4 - \Gamma_3 = 2 \Rightarrow \Gamma_3 = 2 \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(z) = \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{3z^2 + 2z}{z^2 - 2z + 4} \rightarrow \text{Sum of exponentially decaying sine and cosine functions}$$

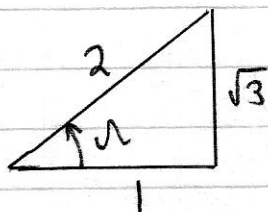
④ We have: $a^k \sin nk \leftrightarrow \frac{(a \sin \Omega) z}{z^2 - (2a \cos \Omega) z + a^2}$ } Compare with $Y(z)$ term

$a^k \cos nk \leftrightarrow \frac{z^2 - (a \cos \Omega) z}{z^2 - (2a \cos \Omega) z + a^2}$

$$\therefore a^2 = 4 \Rightarrow a = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \cos \Omega = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \Omega = 1/2$$



$$\Rightarrow \Omega = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow a \sin \Omega = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow a \cos \Omega = 1$$

Thus,

$$\frac{(a \sin n)z}{z^2 - (2a \cos n)z + a^2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}z}{z^2 - 2z + 4}$$

$$\frac{z^2 - (a \cos n)z}{z^2 - (2a \cos n)z + a^2} = \frac{z^2 - z}{z^2 - 2z + 4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3z^2 + 2z}{z^2 - 2z + 4} = 3 \frac{z^2 - z}{z^2 - 2z + 4} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\sqrt{3}z}{z^2 - 2z + 4}$$

⑤ Get inverse z-transform of $Y(z)$:

$$y(k) = \mu(k) + 3 \cdot 2^k \cos \frac{\pi}{3}k + \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot 2^k \sin \frac{\pi}{3}k \rightarrow$$